Population 16 years and over

Rank	State	Percent	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
	United States	66.0	65.9	66.1
1	Alaska	73.5	72.5	74.4
	Minnesota	72.1	71.3	72.8
	New Hampshire	71.8	70.9	72.7
	Colorado	71.6	70.4	72.9
	South Dakota	70.9	69.5	72.3
	Nebraska	70.7	70.0	71.3
	Vermont	70.7	69.8	71.6
	Wyoming	70.5	69.1	71.9
	Utah	70.1	69.2	71.1
	Wisconsin	70.0	68.3	71.7
	Maryland	69.8	69.1	70.4
	Kansas	69.6	68.6	70.4
	North Dakota	69.5	68.8	70.3
	Iowa	69.3	68.6	70.3
	Connecticut	68.4	67.7	69.2
	Virginia	68.4	67.8	68.9
	District of Columbia	68.3	67.3	69.4
	Georgia	68.3	67.8	68.8
	Rhode Island	68.2	67.8	69.1
		68.1		
	Massachusetts		67.6 66.6	68.6 69.5
	Montana	68.0		
	Washington	67.7	66.9	68.5
	Maine	67.6	66.7	68.6
	Delaware	67.5	66.5	68.4
	Indiana	67.5	66.8	68.3
	Idaho	67.3	66.2	68.3
	Illinois	67.3	66.9	67.7
	Missouri	67.3	66.8	67.8
	Nevada	67.3	66.2	68.3
	New Jersey	67.1	66.6	67.6
	North Carolina	66.5	66.0	67.0
	Texas	66.3	65.9	66.7
	Michigan	66.1	65.6	66.5
	Hawaii	65.8	64.1	67.5
	Ohio	65.8	65.3	66.4
	Oregon	65.6	64.8	66.4
	Tennessee	65.6	64.8	66.4
	California	65.4	65.1	65.6
	South Carolina	64.7	63.7	65.6
	Pennsylvania	64.2	63.6	64.7
	Mississippi	63.8	63.3	64.3
	Arizona	63.5	62.8	64.2
	Arkansas	63.5	62.9	64.1
	New York	63.5	63.0	64.0
	New Mexico	62.9	62.0	63.8
	Oklahoma	62.8	62.0	63.6
	Alabama	62.5	61.6	63.4
	Louisiana	62.1	61.4	62.7
	Kentucky	61.7	59.8	63.6
	Florida	61.4	61.0	61.8
<u>51</u>	West Virginia	55.4	54.2	56.6

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2003 American Community Survey

The table above shows the margin of error, represented by the lower and upper bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. The confidence interval gives a range of values likely to include the population true value. The smaller the confidence interval the more precise the estimate of the characteristic of interest.

An 'N' entry in the estimate, lower bound, and upper bound columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.